

47/2023 - 21 April 2023

Provision of deficit and debt data for 2022 - first notification

Euro area government deficit at 3.6% and EU at 3.4% of GDP

Government debt at 91.6% and 84.0% respectively

In 2022, the government deficit of both the **euro area (EA19)** and the **EU** decreased compared with 2021, as did the government debt. In the **euro area** the government deficit to GDP ratio shrunk from 5.3% in 2021 to 3.6% in 2022, and in the **EU** from 4.8% to 3.4%. In the **euro area** the government debt to GDP ratio decreased from 95.5% at the end of 2021 to 91.6% at the end of 2022, and in the **EU** from 88.0% to 84.0%.

In this release, **Eurostat, the statistical office of the European Union**, is providing government deficit and debt data for the years 2019-2022, based on figures reported by EU Member States in the first notification in 2023, for the application of the excessive deficit procedure (EDP). This notification is based on the ESA 2010 system of national accounts. This release also includes data on government expenditure and revenue.

		2019	2020	2021	2022
Euro area (EA19)					
GDP market prices (mp)	(million euro)	11 986 303	11 464 342	12 320 881	13 334 915
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	-77 032	-809 882	-657 399	-484 115
	% of GDP	-0.6	-7.1	-5.3	-3.6
Government expenditure	% of GDP	46.9	53.5	52.6	50.8
Government revenue	% of GDP	46.3	46.4	47.3	47.1
Government debt	(million euro)	10 081 092	11 144 783	11 768 142	12 214 492
	% of GDP	84.1	97.2	95.5	91.6
Euro area (EA20)					
GDP market prices (mp)	(million euro)	12 041 947	11 514 767	12 379 135	13 402 301
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	-76 911	-813 569	-658 848	-483 853
	% of GDP	-0.6	-7.1	-5.3	-3.6
Government expenditure	% of GDP	46.9	53.5	52.6	50.7
Government revenue	% of GDP	46.3	46.4	47.3	47.1
Government debt	(million euro)	10 120 505	11 188 561	11 813 882	12 260 558
	% of GDP	84.0	97.2	95.4	91.5
EU					
GDP market prices (mp)	(million euro)	14 018 753	13 469 027	14 535 269	15 810 123
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	-76 127	-908 176	-700 141	-532 558
	% of GDP	-0.5	-6.7	-4.8	-3.4
Government expenditure	% of GDP	46.6	52.8	51.7	49.8
Government revenue	% of GDP	46.0	46.1	46.9	46.5
Government debt	(million euro)	10 895 019	12 118 750	12 790 561	13 272 709
	% of GDP	77.7	90.0	88.0	84.0

In 2022, twenty Member States reported a deficit. The highest deficits were recorded in **Italy** (-8.0%), **Hungary** and **Romania** (both -6.2%) and **Malta** (-5.8%). Eleven Member States had deficits higher than 3% of GDP. Six Member States reported a surplus, the largest ones being recorded in **Denmark** (+3.3%), **Cyprus** (+2.1%) and **Ireland** (+1.6%). The **Netherlands** reported its general government sector being in balance.

At the end of 2022, the lowest ratios of government debt to GDP were recorded in **Estonia** (18.4%), **Bulgaria** (22.9%), **Luxembourg** (24.6%), **Denmark** (30.1%), **Sweden** (33.0%) and **Lithuania** (38.4%). Thirteen Member States had government debt ratios higher than 60% of GDP, with the highest registered in **Greece** (171.3%), **Italy** (144.4%), **Portugal** (113.9%), **Spain** (113.2%), **France** (111.6%) and **Belgium** (105.1%).

In 2022, government expenditure in the **euro area** was equivalent to 50.8% of GDP and government revenue to 47.1%. The figures for the **EU** were 49.8% and 46.5%, respectively. The government expenditure and revenue ratios decreased in both zones.

Reservations on reported data

Eurostat is **expressing a reservation** on the quality of data reported by France for the year 2022. Eurostat, in close cooperation with the French statistical authorities, is clarifying the recording of the capital increase by the State into the public energy company EDF (Électricité de France), as well as the application of the super-dividend test for the dividends paid by some public corporations to the French State. The deficit for 2022 might be underestimated by up to 0.2 pp of GDP.

Amendment by Eurostat to reported data

Eurostat has made no amendments to the data reported by Member States.

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Geographical information

Up to 31 December 2022, the **euro area** (EA19) included Belgium, Germany, Estonia, Ireland, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Austria, Portugal, Slovenia, Slovakia and Finland. From 1 January 2023 the **euro area** (EA20) also includes Croatia.

The aggregate data series commented on in this News Release refer to the official composition of the euro area in the most recent period for which data is available. Thus, News Releases with data for 2022 comment on EA19 series, while Releases with data for 2023 onwards will comment on EA20 series.

European Union (EU27): Belgium, Bulgaria, Czechia, Denmark, Germany, Estonia, Ireland, Greece, Spain, France, Croatia, Italy, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Hungary, Malta, the Netherlands, Austria, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia, Finland and Sweden.

Methods and definitions

According to Article 14 (1) of Council Regulation (EC) 479/2009, Eurostat publishes the actual government deficit and debt data for the application of the Protocol on the excessive deficit procedure, within three weeks after the reporting deadlines.

The Protocol on the excessive deficit procedure annexed to the EC Treaty, defines **government deficit (surplus)** as the net borrowing (net lending) of the whole general government sector (central government, state government, local government and social security funds). It is calculated according to national accounts concepts (European System of Accounts, ESA 2010).

Government debt (commonly known as Maastricht or EDP debt) is the consolidated gross debt of the whole general government sector outstanding at the end of the year (at nominal value).

- Table of euro area and EU aggregates: the data are in euro. For those countries not belonging to the euro area, the rate of conversion into euro is as follows:
 - for deficit / surplus and GDP data, the annual average exchange rate;
 - for the stock of government debt, the end of year exchange rate.
- Table of national data: the data are in national currencies.

Government expenditure and **revenue** are reported to Eurostat under the ESA 2010 transmission programme. They cover non-financial transactions of general government, and include both current and capital transactions. For definitions, see Regulation (EU) No 549/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 May 2013 on the European system of national and regional accounts in the European Union.

Intergovernmental lending

For the purpose of proper consolidation of general government debt in European aggregates and to provide users with information, Eurostat is collecting and publishing data on government loans to other EU governments, including those made through the European Financial Stability Facility (EFSF). For the years 2019 to 2022 the intergovernmental lending figures relate mainly to lending to Greece, Ireland and Portugal.

Reservations and amendments

The term "**reservations**" is defined in article 15 (1) of Council Regulation (EC) 479/2009. The Commission (Eurostat) expresses reservations when it has doubts on the quality of the reported data.

According to Article 15 (2) of Council Regulation (EC) 479/2009, the Commission (Eurostat) may **amend** actual data reported by Member States and provide the amended data and a justification of the amendment where there is evidence that actual data reported by Member States do not comply with the quality requirements (compliance with accounting rules, completeness, reliability, timeliness and consistency of statistical data).

Revisions and timetable

In the previous provision of data for the excessive deficit procedure, the 2021 government deficit for the euro area (EA19) was 5.1% of GDP, for the EU it was 4.6%, and the government debt was 95.4% of GDP for the euro area and 87.9% for the EU. See News release [118/2022](#) of 21 October 2022.

For more information

For further information on the methodology of statistics reported under the excessive deficit procedure, please see the Eurostat publication "[Manual on government deficit and debt – Implementation of ESA 2010 — 2022 edition](#)", published in February 2023.

Note on main revisions: Eurostat publishes on its website a note containing specific explanations of the [largest revisions](#) in deficit and debt for 2019-2021 between the October 2022 and the April 2023 notifications, as well as in GDP.

Background note and supplementary tables on government interventions to support financial institutions: Eurostat publishes [supplementary tables by Member State](#) on the impact of the government support to financial institutions on its website. Eurostat also publishes a [background note](#) providing further information on the supplementary tables, including summary tables for the EU and the euro area. Table 2 of the background note shows government deficit/surplus data for 2021 and 2022 excluding the impacts of government interventions to support financial institutions. It should be noted that this adjusted measure of government deficit/surplus is only intended to be an improvement in the presentation of data for users.

Stock of liabilities of trade credits and advances: Eurostat publishes on its website, as complementary information on government liabilities, [data on trade credits and advances](#), as reported by Member States for the years 2019 to 2022. According to Council Regulation (EC) 479/2009, the liabilities in trade credits and advances of government units are not part of EDP debt.

Stock-flow adjustment: Eurostat also publishes a note on the [stock-flow adjustment](#) which presents the contribution of deficit/surplus as well as other relevant factors to the variation in the debt level.

Eurostat will also be releasing information on the underlying government sector accounts on the [government finance and EDP statistics section](#) on its website.

GDP, government deficit/surplus and debt in the EU (in national currencies)

		2019	2020	2021	2022
Belgium					
GDP mp	(million euro)	478 676	459 827	502 521	549 456
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	-9 498	-41 376	-27 553	-21 345
	(% of GDP)	-2.0	-9.0	-5.5	-3.9
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	51.9	58.9	55.4	53.5
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	49.9	49.9	49.9	49.7
Government debt	(million euro)	467 231	515 181	548 447	577 640
	(% of GDP)	97.6	112.0	109.1	105.1
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	8 471	8 444	8 367	8 154
	(% of GDP)	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.5
Bulgaria					
GDP mp	(million BGN)	120 396	120 553	139 012	165 384
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million BGN)	2 580	-4 588	-5 415	-4 648
	(% of GDP)	2.1	-3.8	-3.9	-2.8
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	36.3	41.5	41.6	41.3
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	38.4	37.7	37.7	38.5
Government debt	(million BGN)	24 078	29 595	33 275	37 848
	(% of GDP)	20.0	24.5	23.9	22.9
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million BGN)	0	0	0	0
	(% of GDP)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Czechia					
GDP mp	(million CZK)	5 791 498	5 709 131	6 108 717	6 795 101
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million CZK)	16 709	-329 216	-310 628	-247 489
	(% of GDP)	0.3	-5.8	-5.1	-3.6
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	41.1	47.2	46.5	44.6
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	41.3	41.5	41.4	41.0
Government debt	(million CZK)	1 740 263	2 149 822	2 566 731	2 997 083
	(% of GDP)	30.0	37.7	42.0	44.1
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million CZK)	0	0	0	0
	(% of GDP)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Denmark					
GDP mp	(million DKK)	2 310 955	2 323 919	2 504 178	2 797 938
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million DKK)	95 480	4 994	91 003	92 963
	(% of GDP)	4.1	0.2	3.6	3.3
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	49.7	53.5	50.8	45.3
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	53.8	53.8	54.4	48.6
Government debt	(million DKK)	778 438	981 323	918 824	841 664
	(% of GDP)	33.7	42.2	36.7	30.1
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million DKK)	0	0	0	0
	(% of GDP)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Germany					
GDP mp	(million euro)	3 473 260	3 405 430	3 601 750	3 867 050
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	53 173	-147 554	-134 252	-101 325
	(% of GDP)	1.5	-4.3	-3.7	-2.6
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	45.0	50.4	51.3	49.7
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	46.5	46.1	47.5	47.1
Government debt	(million euro)	2 068 810	2 339 934	2 494 587	2 563 081
	(% of GDP)	59.6	68.7	69.3	66.3
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	65 983	65 784	65 191	63 672
	(% of GDP)	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.6

GDP, government deficit/surplus and debt in the EU (in national currencies)

		2019	2020	2021	2022
Estonia					
GDP mp	(million euro)	27 765	27 465	31 445	36 181
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	34	-1 502	-763	-335
	(% of GDP)	0.1	-5.5	-2.4	-0.9
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	39.4	44.9	41.5	39.4
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	39.5	39.4	39.0	38.5
Government debt	(million euro)	2 373	5 094	5 534	6 656
	(% of GDP)	8.5	18.5	17.6	18.4
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	452	452	452	452
	(% of GDP)	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.2
Ireland					
GDP mp	(million euro)	356 705	372 836	426 283	502 584
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	1 670	-18 676	-6 806	8 032
	(% of GDP)	0.5	-5.0	-1.6	1.6
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	24.3	27.3	24.8	21.4
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	24.7	22.3	23.2	23.0
Government debt	(million euro)	203 383	217 885	236 117	224 755
	(% of GDP)	57.0	58.4	55.4	44.7
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	347	336	318	284
	(% of GDP)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Greece					
GDP mp	(million euro)	183 351	165 406	181 675	208 030
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	1 620	-16 045	-12 974	-4 727
	(% of GDP)	0.9	-9.7	-7.1	-2.3
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	48.1	60.1	57.7	52.5
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	49.0	50.4	50.6	50.2
Government debt	(million euro)	331 145	341 227	353 489	356 256
	(% of GDP)	180.6	206.3	194.6	171.3
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	0	0	0	0
	(% of GDP)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spain					
GDP mp	(million euro)	1 245 513	1 117 989	1 206 842	1 327 108
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	-38 116	-113 199	-82 946	-63 776
	(% of GDP)	-3.1	-10.1	-6.9	-4.8
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	42.3	51.9	50.6	47.8
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	39.2	41.8	43.7	43.0
Government debt	(million euro)	1 223 355	1 345 786	1 427 238	1 502 543
	(% of GDP)	98.2	120.4	118.3	113.2
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	28 926	28 839	28 579	27 914
	(% of GDP)	2.3	2.6	2.4	2.1
France					
GDP mp	(million euro)	2 437 635	2 317 832	2 502 118	2 644 039
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	-74 704	-208 236	-161 988	-124 867
	(% of GDP)	-3.1	-9.0	-6.5	-4.7
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	55.4	61.3	59.1	58.1
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	52.3	52.4	52.6	53.4
Government debt	(million euro)	2 374 942	2 657 352	2 823 692	2 950 049
	(% of GDP)	97.4	114.6	112.9	111.6
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	49 539	49 389	48 945	47 804
	(% of GDP)	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.8

GDP, government deficit/surplus and debt in the EU (in national currencies)

		2019	2020	2021	2022
Croatia					
GDP mp	(million euro)	54 784	50 451	58 207	67 390
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	119	-3 688	-1 448	262
	(% of GDP)	0.2	-7.3	-2.5	0.4
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	46.3	54.1	48.7	44.8
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	46.5	46.8	46.2	45.2
Government debt	(million euro)	38 919	43 882	45 628	46 081
	(% of GDP)	71.0	87.0	78.4	68.4
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	0	0	0	0
	(% of GDP)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italy					
GDP mp	(million euro)	1 796 649	1 661 020	1 787 675	1 909 154
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	-27 083	-160 383	-161 210	-151 900
	(% of GDP)	-1.5	-9.7	-9.0	-8.0
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	48.5	57.0	57.3	56.7
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	47.0	47.3	48.3	48.8
Government debt	(million euro)	2 410 200	2 573 374	2 679 607	2 756 969
	(% of GDP)	134.1	154.9	149.9	144.4
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	43 516	43 385	42 994	41 992
	(% of GDP)	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.2
Cyprus					
GDP mp	(million euro)	23 177	21 897	24 019	27 006
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	290	-1 275	-482	570
	(% of GDP)	1.3	-5.8	-2.0	2.1
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	38.1	44.6	43.5	39.8
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	39.4	38.8	41.5	41.9
Government debt	(million euro)	21 055	24 924	24 311	23 371
	(% of GDP)	90.8	113.8	101.2	86.5
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	334	333	329	318
	(% of GDP)	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.2
Latvia					
GDP mp	(million euro)	30 679	30 265	33 617	39 063
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	-178	-1 321	-2 398	-1 721
	(% of GDP)	-0.6	-4.4	-7.1	-4.4
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	38.3	42.3	44.2	40.2
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	37.7	37.9	37.0	35.8
Government debt	(million euro)	11 209	12 711	14 688	15 947
	(% of GDP)	36.5	42.0	43.7	40.8
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	0	0	0	0
	(% of GDP)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lithuania					
GDP mp	(million euro)	48 916	49 829	56 153	66 833
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	231	-3 248	-646	-426
	(% of GDP)	0.5	-6.5	-1.2	-0.6
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	34.7	42.6	37.5	36.5
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	35.2	36.1	36.4	35.8
Government debt	(million euro)	17 526	23 062	24 535	25 672
	(% of GDP)	35.8	46.3	43.7	38.4
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	0	0	0	0
	(% of GDP)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

GDP, government deficit/surplus and debt in the EU (in national currencies)

		2019	2020	2021	2022
Luxembourg					
GDP mp	(million euro)	62 374	64 781	72 295	78 130
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	1 397	-2 219	519	138
	(% of GDP)	2.2	-3.4	0.7	0.2
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	43.1	46.8	42.9	43.3
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	45.4	43.3	43.6	43.5
Government debt	(million euro)	13 963	15 878	17 733	19 223
	(% of GDP)	22.4	24.5	24.5	24.6
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	647	645	640	626
	(% of GDP)	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8
Hungary					
GDP mp	(million HUF)	47 674 187	48 425 421	55 255 130	66 615 877
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million HUF)	-975 735	-3 642 923	-3 950 281	-4 159 295
	(% of GDP)	-2.0	-7.5	-7.1	-6.2
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	46.1	51.1	48.3	47.8
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	44.0	43.6	41.2	41.6
Government debt	(million HUF)	31 147 085	38 378 738	42 320 502	48 837 129
	(% of GDP)	65.3	79.3	76.6	73.3
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million HUF)	0	0	0	0
	(% of GDP)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malta					
GDP mp	(million euro)	14 186	13 173	15 002	16 870
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	71	-1 273	-1 176	-981
	(% of GDP)	0.5	-9.7	-7.8	-5.8
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	35.9	45.8	44.0	40.9
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	36.4	36.2	36.1	35.1
Government debt	(million euro)	5 720	6 975	8 264	9 003
	(% of GDP)	40.3	52.9	55.1	53.4
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	220	219	217	212
	(% of GDP)	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.3
Netherlands					
GDP mp	(million euro)	813 055	796 530	855 470	941 186
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	14 628	-29 588	-20 258	88
	(% of GDP)	1.8	-3.7	-2.4	0.0
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	42.1	47.8	46.7	44.5
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	43.9	44.1	44.3	44.5
Government debt	(million euro)	394 732	435 459	449 026	480 065
	(% of GDP)	48.5	54.7	52.5	51.0
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	14 067	13 850	13 726	13 406
	(% of GDP)	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.4
Austria					
GDP mp	(million euro)	397 170	381 042	406 149	447 653
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	2 254	-30 437	-23 459	-14 295
	(% of GDP)	0.6	-8.0	-5.8	-3.2
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	48.7	56.8	56.1	52.7
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	49.2	48.8	50.3	49.5
Government debt	(million euro)	280 540	315 981	334 346	350 770
	(% of GDP)	70.6	82.9	82.3	78.4
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	6 764	6 743	6 683	6 527
	(% of GDP)	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.5

GDP, government deficit/surplus and debt in the EU (in national currencies)

		2019	2020	2021	2022
Poland					
GDP mp	(million PLN)	2 288 492	2 337 672	2 631 302	3 078 325
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million PLN)	-17 009	-161 834	-48 195	-115 137
	(% of GDP)	-0.7	-6.9	-1.8	-3.7
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	41.9	48.2	44.1	43.5
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	41.1	41.3	42.3	39.8
Government debt	(million PLN)	1 046 022	1 336 558	1 410 500	1 512 227
	(% of GDP)	45.7	57.2	53.6	49.1
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million PLN)	0	0	0	0
	(% of GDP)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Portugal					
GDP mp	(million euro)	214 375	200 519	214 741	239 253
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	247	-11 669	-6 215	-944
	(% of GDP)	0.1	-5.8	-2.9	-0.4
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	42.5	49.2	47.7	44.8
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	42.6	43.4	44.9	44.4
Government debt	(million euro)	249 977	270 495	269 248	272 586
	(% of GDP)	116.6	134.9	125.4	113.9
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	1 119	1 101	1 054	953
	(% of GDP)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4
Romania					
GDP mp	(million RON)	1 063 795	1 066 781	1 187 402	1 409 784
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million RON)	-46 060	-98 576	-84 596	-87 064
	(% of GDP)	-4.3	-9.2	-7.1	-6.2
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	36.0	41.5	39.8	39.7
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	31.6	32.3	32.7	33.5
Government debt	(million RON)	373 497	499 868	577 522	666 609
	(% of GDP)	35.1	46.9	48.6	47.3
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million RON)	0	0	0	0
	(% of GDP)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slovenia					
GDP mp	(million euro)	48 533	47 021	52 208	58 989
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	347	-3 598	-2 410	-1 779
	(% of GDP)	0.7	-7.7	-4.6	-3.0
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	43.4	51.4	49.5	45.5
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	44.1	43.7	44.9	42.5
Government debt	(million euro)	31 752	37 424	38 879	41 244
	(% of GDP)	65.4	79.6	74.5	69.9
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	1 145	1 142	1 131	1 105
	(% of GDP)	2.4	2.4	2.2	1.9
Slovakia					
GDP mp	(million euro)	94 428	93 442	100 323	109 652
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	-1 140	-4 999	-5 448	-2 234
	(% of GDP)	-1.2	-5.4	-5.4	-2.0
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	40.5	44.7	45.6	42.3
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	39.3	39.4	40.1	40.2
Government debt	(million euro)	45 306	54 993	61 237	63 379
	(% of GDP)	48.0	58.9	61.0	57.8
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	1 859	1 859	1 859	1 859
	(% of GDP)	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.7

GDP, government deficit/surplus and debt in the EU (in national currencies)

		2019	2020	2021	2022
Finland					
GDP mp	(million euro)	239 858	238 038	250 594	266 679
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million euro)	-2 275	-13 284	-6 935	-2 287
	(% of GDP)	-0.9	-5.6	-2.8	-0.9
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	53.3	57.2	55.8	53.4
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	52.4	51.6	53.0	52.6
Government debt	(million euro)	155 613	177 906	181 948	194 758
	(% of GDP)	64.9	74.7	72.6	73.0
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million euro)	4 368	4 354	4 315	4 215
	(% of GDP)	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6
Sweden					
GDP mp	(million SEK)	5 049 619	5 038 538	5 462 040	5 926 336
Government deficit (-) / surplus (+)	(million SEK)	28 477	-139 629	1 207	43 635
	(% of GDP)	0.6	-2.8	0.0	0.7
Government expenditure	(% of GDP)	49.1	52.1	49.4	48.1
Government revenue	(% of GDP)	49.7	49.3	49.4	48.9
Government debt	(million SEK)	1 791 476	2 006 821	1 995 769	1 954 922
	(% of GDP)	35.5	39.8	36.5	33.0
memo: intergovernmental lending	(million SEK)	0	0	0	0
	(% of GDP)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0